HEAT RADIATOR FOR A CPU

BACKGROUND OF THE INVENTION

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- The present invention relates to a heat radiator for a CPU, and more particularly to a heat radiator which has a compact structure and a high radiating efficiency.
- 7 2. Description of Related Art
- Computers in operation, especially CPUs, generate lots of heat which
 will damage electronic components of IC (Integrate Circuit). Thus, the CPU is
 generally provided with a heat radiator for lowering its temperature.
- 11 Most conventional heat radiators for the CPU have a rectangular or
 12 square shape with multiple fins mounted on an upper side thereof. However, the
 13 radiator with the rectangular or square shape will occupy a large space in the
 14 computer and has a low radiating efficiency.
- Therefore, the invention provides a heat radiator for a CPU to mitigate or obviate the aforementioned problems.

17 SUMMARY OF THE INVENTION

- The main objective of the present invention is to provide a heat radiator for a CPU which has a compact structure and a high radiating efficiency.
- Other objectives, advantages and novel features of the invention will become more apparent from the following detailed description when taken in conjunction with the accompanying drawings.

23 BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF THE DRAWINGS

24 Fig. 1 is an exploded perspective view of a heat radiator for a CPU in

1 accordance with the present invention; 2 Fig. 2 is a front view of the heat radiator in Fig. 1; Fig. 3 is a top view of the heat radiator in Fig. 1; 3 Fig. 4 is a schematic view of the heat radiator installed on a mainboard; 4 5 and Fig. 5 is a cross sectional view of the heat radiator in operation. 6 . 7 DETAILED DESCRIPTION OF THE PREFERRED EMBODIMENT 8 With reference to Figs. 1-3, a heat radiator in accordance with the present invention is installed on a CPU (Central Processing Unit). The heat 9. 10 radiator is composed of a metal piece (20), a columned radiating piece (30) and a 11 fan (40). The metal piece (20) has a top surface (22), a bottom surface (21), and a 12 conical surface (23) formed between the top surface (22) and the bottom surface 13 14 (21), wherein a diameter of the top surface is smaller than a diameter of the 15 bottom surface. The metal piece (20) can be made up of copper and has a 16 trapezoid cross section. The columned radiating piece (30), being composed of multiple fins (32) 17 radially and separately extending from a center of the columned radiating piece 18 19 (30), is provided outside the metal piece (20). A conical recess (not numbered) is defined at a bottom of the radiating piece (30) to receive the metal piece (20), 20 21 and inner walls defining the recess respectively abut the top surface (22) and the 22 conical surface (23) of the metal piece (20). An opening (31) is longitudinally 23 defined through the center of the columned radiating piece (30) and in 24 communication with the recess, especially as shown in Fig. 5.

The fan (40) is mounted on a top of the columned radiating piece (30). 1 2 With reference to Figs. 1, 4, 5, when a CPU (10) is installed on a mainboard (11), the CPU (10) is fully covered with the bottom surface (21) of the 3 metal piece (20). Thus, heat generated from the CPU (10) can directly transfer 4 5 into the metal piece (20). Blown by the fan (40) through the opening (31) and 6 radiated by the fins (32), the heat can be quickly discharged to lower the temperature of the CPU (10) in a normal range, so the radiating efficiency is high. 7 Furthermore, because the radiating piece (30) is shaped as a column, the heat 8 radiator of the invention has a compact structure and a small size. 9 It is to be understood, however, that even though numerous 10 11 characteristics and advantages of the present invention have been set forth in the 12 foregoing description, together with details of the structure and function of the invention, the disclosure is illustrative only, and changes may be made in detail, 13 14 especially in matters of shape, size, and arrangement of parts within the 15 principles of the invention to the full extent indicated by the broad general 16 meaning of the terms in which the appended claims are expressed.